

Huawei CloudEngine XH16800 Data Center Switch Datasheet

Huawei CloudEngine XH16800 is a data center (DC) core switch designed for AI scenarios.

Product Overview

CloudEngine XH16800 series switches are Huawei's DC core switches built for AI scenarios. The switches build on an all-new hardware capability system and deliver the industry's lowest inter-card forwarding latency of about 3.5 µs. They adopt the lossless Ethernet technology to enable DC storage networks to be built over Ethernet, thereby unifying technologies and O&M for computing and storage networks.

Running on Huawei's next-generation YunShan operating system, CloudEngine XH16800 series switches deliver stable, reliable, and high-performance Layer 2 and Layer 3 switching services, and provide customers with an intelligent, simple, secure, and open DC cloud network platform.

CloudEngine XH16800 series switches use an advanced hardware architecture design. They provide high-density 100GE/200GE/400GE ports and support smooth evolution to 800GE.

In addition to offering a diverse range of DC features, CloudEngine XH16800 series switches provide industrial-grade reliability by adopting an industry-leading backplane-free Clos orthogonal architecture and a strict front-to-back airflow design. As next-generation core switches, they significantly reduce power consumption by capitalizing on multiple innovative energy-saving technologies.

Product Models and Appearances

CloudEngine XH16800 series switches fall into the following models.



CloudEngine XH16800-16 CloudEngine XH16800-8

Product Features

VXLAN Working with EVPN to Enable Service Deployment Within and Across DCs

- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches allow BGP-EVPN to be used as the VXLAN control plane to simplify VXLAN deployment.
- BGP-EVPN triggers automatic VXLAN tunnel establishment between virtual tunnel endpoints (VTEPs), eliminating the need to configure full-mesh tunnels. BGP-EVPN also reduces flooding of unknown traffic by advertising MAC address tables on the control plane. DCs can use BGP-EVPN to establish large Layer 2 networks.
- As a standard protocol, BGP-EVPN enables CloudEngine XH16800 series switches to interconnect with devices from other vendors, ensuring long-term network evolution.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support distributed network deployment and support various VXLAN access modes, including
 accessing VXLAN through QinQ sub-interfaces. This enables flexible customization of heterogeneous networks.
- EVPN and VXLAN can be used to set up Layer 2 interconnections between DCs, enabling active-active VXLAN deployment across DCs and conserving DCI bandwidth.

Automatic and Simplified Deployment of VXLAN Dual-Stack Network Services

- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support hybrid overlay networking of IPv4 and IPv6 to meet the requirements of two IPv6 evolution modes.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches can carry IPv6 overlay services, that is IPv6 first for the network an underlay IPv6 network is built and the IPv4 services of tenants are gradually reconstructed.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support IPv6 VXLAN over IPv4 IPv6 evolution of tenant services and network device reuse. That is, smooth evolution to IPv6 is performed based on the existing IPv4 network.

Inter-Device Link Aggregation, Ensuring High Efficiency and Reliability

- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support Multichassis Link Aggregation Group (M-LAG) to implement link aggregation among multiple devices, improving link reliability from the card level to the device level.
- Switches in an M-LAG all work in active state to share traffic and back up each other, enhancing system reliability.
- Switches in an M-LAG system can be upgraded independently. During the upgrade, other switches in the system take over traffic
 forwarding to ensure uninterrupted services.
- M-LAG supports dual-homing to Ethernet, VXLAN, and IP networks, allowing for flexible networking.

Standard Interfaces, Enabling Open Interconnection

- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support NETCONF and can interconnect with iMaster NCE-Fabric.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support Ansible an automatic management and O&M tool to implement unified provisioning
 of physical and virtual networks.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches are integrated with mainstream cloud platforms (including commercial and open-source cloud platforms) and third-party controllers, enabling flexible service customization and automatic management.

ZTP, Enabling Automatic O&M

CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP). ZTP enables the switches to automatically obtain and load
version files from a file server, freeing network engineers from onsite configuration and deployment. ZTP reduces labor costs and improves
device deployment efficiency.

- ZTP supports embedded script languages and provides them for users through open APIs. DC users can use a familiar programming language (such as Python) to centrally configure network devices.
- ZTP decouples the configuration time of new devices from device quantity and geographical distribution, shortening the service provisioning time and improving the service provisioning efficiency.

Simplified DCN Deployment via Collaboration with iMaster NCE-Fabric

CloudEngine XH16800 series switches can interconnect with iMaster NCE-Fabric through standard protocols such as NETCONF and SNMP
to adapt to networks and implement automatic network management. This helps to provide more efficient and intelligent operation
methods, simplifying network management, and reducing the OPEX.

Intelligent O&M Through Collaboration with iMaster NCE-FabricInsight

- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support telemetry technology to collect device data in real time and send the collected data to
 iMaster NCE-FabricInsight the DCN analysis component of Huawei iMaster NCE. Leveraging the intelligent fault identification algorithm,
 iMaster NCE-FabricInsight can analyze network data, accurately display the real-time network status, locate faults and identify their root
 causes in a timely and effective manner, and detect network problems that can affect user experience, precisely guaranteeing user
 experience.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches can insert IFIT extension headers into packets, visualize paths, and analyze interface-level packet loss, traffic, and latency to implement high-precision service-level packet loss measurement and facilitate fault demarcation.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support Packet Event. When a device discards packets due to reasons such as abnormal forwarding, specified packet discarding rules, a full buffer, or ACL rule deny actions, or when the latency of packets exceeds a specified threshold, the device reports related flow entries to the iMaster NCE-FabricInsight collector.

Intelligent Lossless Network, Meeting High Performance Requirements of RoCEv2 Applications

- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support the iLossless algorithm to eliminate packet loss on the conventional Ethernet. This helps to build a lossless, low-latency, and high-throughput network environment for RoCEv2 traffic, meeting high performance requirements of RoCEv2 applications.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support PFC deadlock prevention. They can identify service flows that may cause PFC deadlocks and change queue priorities of these flows to prevent PFC deadlocks.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support Artificial Intelligence Explicit Congestion Notification (AI ECN). This future-oriented function can intelligently adjust the ECN thresholds of lossless queues based on the live-network traffic model to ensure low latency and high throughput with zero packet loss, maximizing the performance of lossless services.
- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support Explicit Congestion Notification (ECN) Overlay. ECN Overlay applies ECN to a VXLAN
 network, enabling the traffic receiver to detect congestion on the overlay network in a timely manner and instruct the traffic sender to
 reduce its packet sending rate to relieve network congestion.

Large Network Throughput, Fully Unleashing Computing Power in Al Scenarios

• CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support enhanced network scale load balancing (NSLB), achieving up to 98% network throughput on the entire network in AI scenarios and improving AI training efficiency.

High-Performance, Non-Blocking Switching Architecture

- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches have a high-performance, non-blocking switching architecture that is characterized by its orthogonal switch fabric design, Clos orthogonal architecture, cell switching, and Virtual Output Queuing (VoQ).
- Backplane-free orthogonal switch fabric design: LPUs and SFUs of the CloudEngine XH16800 use an orthogonal design in which service
 traffic between LPUs is directly sent to the SFUs through orthogonal connectors. This design greatly improves system bandwidth and
 evolution capabilities, and can smoothly expand the system capacity to several thousands of Tbps.

- Clos orthogonal architecture: The three-stage Clos architecture of CloudEngine XH16800 series switches enables flexible expansion of switch fabric capacity. All types of cards (10GE, 25GE, 40GE, 100GE, and 400GE) of the switches support cell switching and dynamic traffic steering, and implement load balancing among multiple switch fabrics, preventing the switching matrix from being blocked and coping with changes in traffic models in DCs.
- The MPU engine is separated from the SFU hardware. The fault or change of the MPU does not affect the forwarding performance of the device.
- VoQ: CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support VoQ queues for fine-grained Quality of Service (QoS) on the switch fabrics. With the
 VoQ mechanism and inbound interface buffer, CloudEngine XH16800 series switches create independent VoQ queues on inbound
 interfaces to perform E2E flow control on traffic destined for different outbound interfaces. This ensures unified service scheduling and
 sequenced forwarding and implements non-blocking switching.

Highly Reliable Industrial-Grade Hardware Architecture

- CloudEngine XH16800 series switches provide industrial-grade ultra-high reliability. They can run stably as core switches for a long period, ensuring service continuity.
- Hot standby of four hardware components: MPUs work in 1+1 hot standby mode. SFUs work in N+M hot standby mode. Power modules support dual inputs, work in N+1 or N+N hot standby mode, and have their own heat dissipation system. Fan modules work in N+1 hot standby mode, ensuring efficient heat dissipation.
- Redundancy of three buses: The monitoring, management, and data buses all work in 1+1 redundancy mode, ensuring reliable transmission of various signals in the system. Strict front-to-back airflow design
- The patented front-to-back airflow design strictly isolates cold air channels from hot air channels, meeting heat dissipation requirements in DC equipment rooms.
- Fan modules support intelligent area-based speed adjustment and on-demand heat dissipation, saving energy and reducing noise.

Efficient and Intelligent Power Supply System

- The switch uses highly efficient digital power modules with a power efficiency of up to 96%.
- The system measures power consumption in real time and intelligently puts power modules into sleep mode to save power when system power demands are low.
- The switch adjusts power consumption of major components based on changes in service traffic volume, saving energy dynamically.

Licensing

Huawei CloudEngine XH16800 series switches support the CloudFabric IDN One Software (N1) business model, which bundles iMaster NCE-Fabric, iMaster NCE-FabricInsight, and CloudEngine switches in a range of typical scenarios. This approach simplifies transactions, provides customers with more functions and value, and protects customers' software investment through Software License Portability.

	N1 Package for AI Scenarios		Add-On Package	
Feature	Foundation	Advanced	Digital Map	Security
Basic functions (including IPv6 and VXLAN)	•	•		
AI ECN	•	•		
FusionInsight basic analysis	•	•		
Telemetry	•	•		
AI ZTP	•	•		
NSLB		•		
IFIT function		•		
IFIT service assurance function		•		
MACsec				•
Digital map function			•	

Product Specifications

Item	CloudEngine XH16800-8	CloudEngine XH16800-16	
Switching capacity (Tbps)	967/2903	1935/5806	
Packet forwarding rate (Mpps)	460,800	921,600	
Number of service slots	8	16	
SFU slot	9		
Air duct type	Standard front-to-rear airflow		
Device virtualization	M-LAG		
Interface	Jumbo frames		
Network virtualization	VXLAN routing and VXLAN bridging		
Network virtualization	BGP-EVPN		
SDN	iMaster NCE-Fabric		
Natural, convergence	PFC and AI ECN		
Network convergence	RDMA and RoCE (RoCE v1 and RoCE v2)		
Dungunganahilitu	OpenFlow		
Programmability	OPS programming		
Traffic analysis	NetStream		
	Access, trunk, and hybrid ports		
VLAN	Default VLAN		
	Automatic MAC address learning and aging		
MAC address table	Static, dynamic, and blackhole MAC address entries		
WAC address table	Source MAC address filtering		
	MAC address learning limiting based on ports and VLANs		
ID routing	IPv4 dynamic routing protocols such as RIP, OSPF, IS-IS, and BGP		
IP routing	IPv6 dynamic routing protocols such as RIPng, OSPFv3, IS-ISv6, and BGP4+		
	VXLAN over IPv6		
	IPv6 VXLAN over IPv4		
IPv6	IPv6 neighbor discovery (ND)		
	Path MTU discovery (PMTU)		
	TCP6, IPv6 ping, IPv6 tracert, IPv6 socket, UDP6, and raw IPv6		
Multicast	Multicast routing protocols such as IGMP, PIM-SM, and MSDP		

Item	CloudEngine XH16800-8 CloudEngine XH16800-16
	IGMP snooping and IGMP proxy
	IPv6 Layer 3 multicast and configuration of both Layer 2 and Layer 3 multicast services
	Fast leave of multicast member interfaces
	Multicast traffic suppression
	LACP
	STP, RSTP, VBST, and MSTP
	BPDU protection
	Smart link and multi-instance
Reliability	Hardware-based Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD), with a minimum packet sending interval of 3.3 ms
	VRRP, VRRP load sharing, and BFD for VRRP
	BFD for BGP, IS-IS, OSPF, and static routing
	BFD for VXLAN
	Traffic classification based on Layer 2 headers, Layer 3 headers, and Layer 4 protocol priorities
	ACL, CAR, re-marking, and scheduling
	Queue scheduling modes such as PQ, DRR, and PQ+DRR
QoS	Congestion avoidance mechanisms such as WRED and tail drop
	Traffic shaping
	1588v2
	Network-wide path detection
	Telemetry
Intelligent OSM	Enhanced ERSPAN
Intelligent O&M	In-situ Flow Information Telemetry (IFIT)
	Packet Event: packet loss visualization and ultra-long latency visualization
	VXLAN OAM: VXLAN ping and VXLAN tracert
	PFC deadlock prevention
Intelligent lessless naturally	AI ECN
Intelligent lossless network	ECN Overlay
	Enhanced NSLB
Configuration and maintenance	Terminal login through the console port, Telnet, and SSH

Item	CloudEngine XH16800-8	CloudEngine XH16800-16	
	Network management protocols, such as SNMPv1/v2/v3		
	File upload and download through FTP and TFTP		
	Boot Read-Only Memory (BootROM) upgrade and remote online upgrade		
	Hot patches		
	User operation logs		
	Configuration rollback		
	ZTP		
	MACsec		
	Command line authority control based on user levels, preventing unauthorized users from using commands		
	Defense against DoS, ARP, and ICMP attacks		
Security and management	Port isolation, port security, and sticky MAC		
	Binding of the IP address, MAC address, port ID, and VLAN ID		
	Authentication methods, including AAA, LDAP, RADIUS, and HWTACACS		
	RMON		
Dimensions (H x W x D)	703 mm (15.8 U) x 483 mm x 985 mm	1436 mm (32.3 U) x 483 mm x 1144 mm	
Weight in full configuration	129.8 kg	262.8 kg	
Environment requirements	Operating temperature: 0°C to 40°C (0 m to 1800 m)		
	Storage temperature: -40°C to +70°C		
	Relative humidity: 5% RH to 95% RH (noncondensing)		
Operating voltage	AC: 176 V to 290 V, 45 Hz to 65 Hz		
	High-voltage DC (HVDC): 188 V to 288 V/260 V to 400 V		
Maximum power supply capability of the system	30,000 W	60,000 W	

Performance and Scalability

Item	Value
Maximum number of MAC address entries	640K
Maximum number of routes (FIB IPv4/IPv6)	1.5M/750K
ARP size	128K
Maximum number of VRFs	4096
IPv6 ND table size	128K
Maximum number of VRRP groups	1024
Maximum number of ECMP paths	128
Maximum number of VXLAN bridge domains	16K
Maximum number of BDIF interfaces	16K
Maximum number of virtual tunnel endpoints (VTEPs)	16K
Maximum number of LAGs	1024
Maximum number of links in a LAG	256
Maximum number of MSTIs	1000
Maximum number of VLANs where VBST can be configured	640K

Note: This specification may vary between different scenarios. Please contact Huawei for details.

Safety and Regulatory Compliance

The following table lists the safety and regulatory compliance of CloudEngine XH16800 series switches.

Certification Category	Description
	EN 62368-1
	IEC 62368-1
	UL 62368-1
Safety	CSA-C22.2 No.62368-1
	AS/NZS 62368-1
	GB4943
	EN 300386
	EN 55032
	EN 55035
	IEC/EN 61000-3-2
	IEC/EN 61000-3-3
	AS/NZS CISPR32
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	FCC 47CFR Part15
	ICES-003
	CISPR 32
	CISPR 24
	VCCI- CISPR32 CISPR35
	GB9254
	EN 50581
	EN 50419
	(EC) No.1907/2006
Environment	GB/T 26572
Livinoinnellt	ETSI EN 300 019-1-1
	ETSI EN 300 019-1-2
	ETSI EN 300 019-1-3
	ETSI EN 300 753

EMC: electromagnetic compatibility

CISPR: International Special Committee on Radio Interference

EN: European Standard

ETSI: European Telecommunications Standards Institute

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

FCC: Federal Communication Commission
IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission
AS/NZS: Australian/New Zealand Standard
VCCI: Voluntary Control Council for Interference

UL: Underwriters Laboratories

CSA: Canadian Standards Association

Ordering Information

Device Mode	Description	
Chassis		
XH16800-8-AH	XH16800-8 AC/HVDC assembly chassis	
XH16800-16-AH	XH16800-16 AC/HVDC assembly chassis	
Main processing unit		
XH-MPUE-H	XH16800 Main Processing Unit E (half-width)	
XH-MPUE-F	XH16800 Main Processing Unit E (Full-width)	
Switch fabric unit (G-H series)		
XH-SFU08G-H	XH16808 Switch Fabric Unit G-H	
XH-SFU16G-H	XH16816 Switch Fabric Unit G-H	
Interface card (-J2 series)		
XH-L36DQ2CQJ2	36-port 400GE and 2-port 100GE interface card (XHL-J2, QSFP-DD, QSFP28)	
XH-L40DQJ2	40-port 400GE interface card (XHL-J2, QSFP-DD)	
Fan module (Hongyan 5.0)		
FAN-240SD-B	Fan Tray Assembly,FAN-240SD-B	
FAN-480SE-B	Fan Tray Assembly,FAN-480SE -B	
FAN-960SE-B	Fan Tray Assembly,FAN-960SE -B	
Power module		
PAH-3000WA	3000W Dual Inputs AC&HVDC Power Module	

Note: The XH-L40DQJ2 interface card will be launched in the second half of 2024.

Software Model	Software Description
N1-XH-M-LIC-DM	N1-XH-M-LIC-DM,N1-XH Digital Map Function-Modular
N1-XHMDM-SnS1Y	N1-XH Digital Map Function, Per Modular device-SnS-Year
N1-XH-M-LIC-MACSEC	N1-XH Data Center Switch Security Function-Modular
N1-XHMMACSEC-SnS1Y	N1-XH Data Center Switch Security Function, Per Modular device-SnS-1 Year
N1-XH168-256T-LIC-STD	N1-XH16800 256T Switch Standard Package for the Al Scenarios
N1-XH168-256T-STD-SnS1Y	N1-XH16800 256T Switch Standard Package for the Al Scenarios-SnS-1 Year
N1-XH168-128T-LIC-ENH	N1-XH16800 128T Switch Enhanced Package for the AI Scenarios
N1-XH168-128T-ENH-SnS1Y	N1-XH16800 128T Switch Enhanced Package for the AI Scenarios-SnS-1 Year
N1-XH168-256T-LIC-ENH	N1-XH16800 256T Switch Enhanced Package for the AI Scenarios
N1-XH168-256T-ENH-SnS1Y	N1-XH16800 256T Switch Enhanced Package for the AI Scenarios-SnS-1 Year

Networking and Applications

On typical data center networks, CloudEngine XH16800 series switches work as core switches, whereas CloudEngine XH9000/XH8000 series switches connect to the core switches through 100GE or 200GE ports to build an end-to-end and fully-connected 100GE/200GE/400GE network. The switches use VXLAN and other fabric protocols to establish a non-blocking large Layer 2 network, which allows large-scale VM migration and flexible service deployment.



Note: VXLAN can also be used on campus networks to support flexible service deployment in different service areas.

More Information

For more information about Huawei products, visit https://e.huawei.com/en/ or contact Huawei's local sales office.

Alternatively, you can contact us through one of the following methods:

- Global service hotline: https://e.huawei.com/en/about/service-hotline
- Enterprise technical support website: https://support.huawei.com/enterprise/en/index.html
- Service email address for enterprise users: support_e@huawei.com

Copyright © Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. 2024. All rights reserved.

No part of this document may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means without prior written consent of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Trademarks and Permissions

WHUAWEI and other Huawei trademarks are trademarks of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

All other trademarks and trade names mentioned in this document are the property of their respective holders.

Notice

The purchased products, services, and features are stipulated by the commercial contract made between Huawei and the customer. All or partial products, services, and features described in this document may not be within the purchased scope or the usage scope. Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all statements, information, and recommendations in this document are provided "AS IS" without warranties, guarantees or representations of any kind, either express or implied. The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Every effort has been made in the preparation of this document to ensure accuracy of the contents, but all statements, information, and recommendations in this document do not constitute a warranty of any kind, express or implied.

Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Address: Huawei Industrial Base, Bantian, Longgang, Shenzhen, People's Republic of China

Post code: 518129

Website: https://e.huawei.com/en/